

Salvation Songs.

HOLINESS.

Tunes.—Monsieur, O; Song-Book, 229.
1 And can it be that I should
An interest in the Saviour's
Blood?
Died He for me, who caused His
For me who Him to death pur-
sued?
Amazing love! how can it be
That Thou, my God, shouldst die
for me?

He left His Father's throne above,
So free so infinite His grace!
He left Himself of all our love,
And bled for Adam's helpless
race;
Thine mercy all, immense and free,
For O my God, it found out me!

Long my imprisoned spirit lay,
Thou bound in sin and nature's
night;
Thine eye diffused a quickening
ray,
I woke; the dungeon flamed
with light;
My chains fell off, my heart was
free;
I rose, went forth, and followed
Thee.

Hallelujah! What a Friend We Have:
In Jesus (B. J. 28).
Precious Jesus, oh to love
Thee,
Oh to know that Thou art
mine!

Jesus, all my heart I give Thee,
If Thou wilt but make it Thine.
Take my sympathy, love, affection,
Take my memory, mind, and
will.

Then, with all Thy loving Spirit,
All my emptied nature fill.
Oh, how precious dear Redeemer,
Is the love that fills my soul;
It is done, the word is spoken—
"Be thou every whit made
whole."

FREE AND EASY.
Tune.—This is Why, 150; Song-
Book, 225.
3 Would you know why I love
Jesus?
Why He is so dear to me?
'Tis because my blessed Saviour
From my sins has ransomed
me.

Chorus:
This is why I love my Jesus.
Would you know why I love
Jesus?
Why He is so dear to me?
'Tis because the Blood of Jesus
Fully saves and cleanses me.

Would you know why I love
Jesus?
Why He is so dear to me?
'Tis because my Friend and Sav-
iour
He will ever, ever be.

Jesus, keep me near the Cross,
There a precious Fountain,
Flow to all—leading sweet—
Flows from Calvary's moun-
tain.

Near the Cross a trembling soul,
Love and mercy found me;
There the Bright and Morning
Star.

Shed His beams around me,
Near the Cross O Lamb of God!
Bring its scenes before me;
Help me walk from day to day
With His shadows o'er me.

The Fall Congress

SPECIAL VISIT OF

THE COMMISSIONER

AND INTRODUCTION OF
COL. MAIDMENT
THE NEW CHIEF SECRETARY

In Connection with the Congresses in the
Western Command

Accompanied by Col. & Mrs. Gaskin
MAJOR FINDLAY and the Divisional Commanders.

WINNIPEG

WEDNESDAY, Nov. 6.—Welcome Demonstration in the Citadel.

THURSDAY, Nov. 7.—Field Officers' Councils. First session at
10 a.m. Local Officers unite at night.

FRIDAY, Nov. 8.—Field Officers' Councils all day.

SATURDAY, Nov. 9.—No. 1 Citadel. Meeting for soldiers, ex-
soldiers, and recruits.

SUNDAY, Nov. 10.—

11 a.m. in No. 1 Citadel.—Holiness Convention.

3 p.m. in Empress Theatre.—Lecture by the Commissioner.

His Honor the Lieut.-Governor of Manitoba, will preside.

7.30 p.m. in Empress Theatre.—Great Salvation Meeting.

VANCOUVER

THURSDAY, Nov. 14.—Field Officers' Councils. First Session at
10.30 a.m. Local Officers united at night.

FRIDAY, Nov. 15.—Field Officers' Councils all day.

SATURDAY, Nov. 16.—In the Citadel, meeting for soldiers, ex-
soldiers, and recruits.

SUNDAY, Nov. 17.—

11 a.m. in the Citadel.—Holiness Convention.

3 p.m. in Avenue Theatre.—Lecture by the Commissioner.

7 p.m. in Avenue Theatre.—Great Salvation Meeting.

MONDAY, Nov. 18.—VICTORIA.

THURSDAY, Nov. 21.—CALGARY.

FRIDAY, Nov. 22.—STRATHCONA.

SATURDAY, Nov. 23.—EDMONTON CITADEL.

8 p.m.—Soldiers, ex-Soldiers, and Recruits.

SUNDAY, Nov. 24.—EDMONTON THEATRE.

A Day of Salvation.

TUESDAY, Nov. 26.—SASKATOON.

WEDNESDAY, Nov. 27.—MOOSE JAW.

Opening of new Citadel.

Near the Cross I'll watch and
wait.

Hoping, trusting ever,
Till I reach the golden shore,
Just beyond the River.

SALVATION.

Tunes.—Depth of Mercy, 80.

Song-Book, 185.

5 Depth of mercy! Can there
be
Mercy still reserved for me?
Can my God His wrath forbear?
Me, the chief of sinners' spore?
I have long withstood His grace.

Long provoked Him to His face,
Would not harken to His calls,
Or ever Him by a thousand falls.

Jesus speaks and pleads His
Blood!

He discerns the wrath of God;
Now my Father's mercies move,
His fingers life give.

6 Hark! the Gospel news is
sounding.

Christ has suffered on the tree;
Streams of mercy are abounding,
Grace for all is rich and free,
Could jump seventy-six miles.

Now, poor sinner,
Look to Him who died for thee.

Oh, escape to yonder mountain
Crests and let Him be thy
Christ invites you to the Foun-
tain.

Come and wash your sins
away.

Do not tarry:
Come to Jesus while you may.

Grace is flowing like a river,
Millions there have been sup-
plied;

Still it flows as fresh as ever
From the Saviour's wounded
side.

None need perish,
All may live, for Christ has
died.

Colonel Bullard

The International Representative,
Touring Canada in the interests
of The Salvation Army's mis-
sionary work, will conduct special
meetings at the following Corps:

Riverdale, Saturday, Sunday,

Monday, Oct. 26, 27, and 28.

Parliament St., Tuesday, Oct. 29.

Wychwood, Wednesday, Oct. 30.

Chester, Thursday, Oct. 31.

Sault Ste. Marie, Ont., Saturday,

Sunday, and Monday, Nov. 2,

3, and 4.

Sudbury, Tuesday, Nov. 5.

Perry Sound, Wednesday, Nov. 6.

Yorkville, Thursday, Nov. 7.

Lippinroth, Friday, Nov. 8.

Temple, Saturday, Sunday, and
Monday, Nov. 9, 10, 11.

Lt. Colonel & Mrs. CHAPLIN
and
STAFF-CAPT. and MRS. BLOSS

Oshawa, Nov. 2 and 3.

Temple, Sunday, Oct. 27.

MAJOR AND MRS. MORRIS.

Windsor, Ont., Nov. 6.

Hallelujah wedding.

CAPTAIN M. REES.

Earls Court, Sunday, Oct. 27.

PETERBORO TEMPLE BAND.

Compbellford, Saturday and
Sunday, Oct. 26 and 27.

ANTI-TRINITISM AND RESULT.

The conversion of the present
Sergeant-Major of the West Nor-
wood Corps (Eng.) Brother
Chursley, came about in this
wise:

Six years ago Colonel Kitching,
who was spending at Brixton
for the week-end, dressed him-
self in rage, and, snatching up
towards the open-air meeting, di-
rectly leaned against the public-
house door.

The landlord, taking pity on
him, said, "Come in, and have
something to drink."

"All right," replied the Colonel,
and straightway entered.

When he was seated, young
Chursley, who was then known as
a desperate character, said to
him, pointing to the Army open-
air, "These are the people to
help you!" The Colonel at once
replied, "I'll go to the meeting if
you do."

The bargain was struck, and
they entered the hall together,
with the result that the future
Sergeant-Major of West Norwood
Corps then got converted.

Darwin says the light of the
freely is caused by the slow com-
pulsion of phosphorus in the sys-
tem.

If a man were to leap as far in
proportion to his size as a flea he
could jump seventy-six miles.



BRIGADIER BOND TO BE EDITOR OF THE ENGLISH WAR CRY

BRIGADIER WALKER TO SUC-
CEED HIM.

The General has given orders for Brigadier Bond, Editor of the Canadian War Cry, and Young Soldier, to forewell from Canada and proceed to London, England, to be appointed to the Editorship of the English War Cry. Brigadier Bond and family will sail for England about the middle of November. He will be succeeded by Brigadier Walker, of the British Editorial Department.

This announcement was made by the Commissioner at the Welcome Meeting of the Congress, when he paid a glowing tribute to the Brigadier's editorial work, and the great service he had rendered in connection with the arrangements of the magnificent "Anti-Spectacular" demonstration. The Army held during the past six years in the Massey Hall.

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BAND CHAT.

Bandsman A. Johnson, of Riverdale, has forwarded for the West. The position of Band Leader is now being filled by Bandsman T. Gurney, who has been a Riverdale Bandsman for many years. Bandsman W. and J. Booth have recently been welcomed to the Band, which, under Bandmaster Martin, is maintaining its reputation. The musical side as well as the spiritual side, is better, and the local people notice this, as well as the Soldiers and adherents. "That's a grand Band," said a lady emphatically to a friend as she swept the crowds along past the corner where she was standing one recent Sunday evening.

Bandsman J. Liddle, the Crinan soldier and veteran Salvationist, celebrated his 32nd birthday during last month. He has been a Riverdale Bandsman for over 22 years, while his total service as an Army musician amounts to a quarter of a century. He was the first Bandsman of the Crinan Band, Glasgow.

struments lying idle will consecrate them to this service, and send them to Headquarters. This includes violins, bass viol, cornets, cornets, or any brass instruments, drums, or anything else that will make a pleasant sound for the Lord.

Headquarters: 22 Whitechapel Road, London, E.

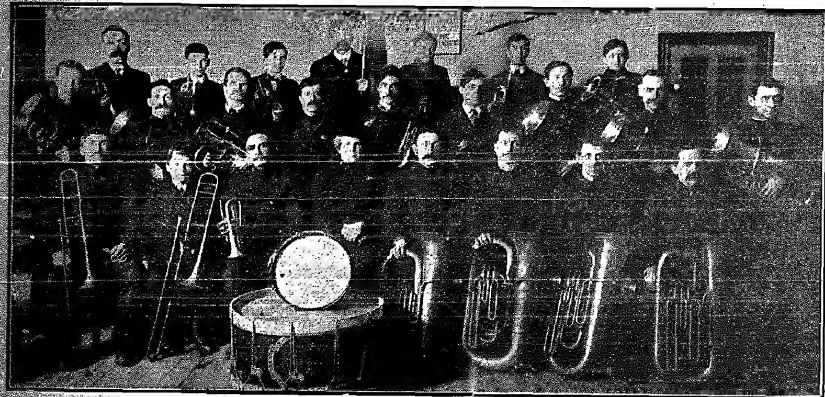
The effect was to stir up almost every Corps, and the formation of Bands was attempted, often with a conglomeration of instruments which never could make up one family; but they zeal and persistent effort brought experience, and at length the right idea of a Brass Band was formed as one positive issue of what was at first a pouring forth in a somewhat chaotic fashion of the musical energies of Salvationists. Among the earliest Army Bands were those at Consett, Northwich, Carlisle, Portmouth, Sheffield, South Shields, and the first London Band at No. 1, Corps at White Chapel.

Last year a number of men Cadets who received their Field training at Consett, occasionally played and sang outside a small

were to the front all day, this being their farewell Sunday, after 13 months' stay.—H. S. C.

The Band-Room of Peterboro is about to undergo another change for the better. The plans are all ready and passed for the installation of an up-to-date toilet room. The Bandmaster is to have a private office for keeping full stores, etc., and in which to do any Band correspondence. With these additions the Band-Room still is large enough for a full Band practice. Bandsman Fred Gray has been appointed Orderly-Sergeant for the Band-Room, and is in charge in everything concerning the same. Every Bandsman is taking an interest in everything for the betterment of the Band.—F. W. Robinson.

Edmonton Band is having good success under the leadership of Captain Merrill, the C. O., so we are informed, and indeed this would seem to be a case of marked success, for the Band has several players, and they play the latest music—the "Temple March," "Hail to War"—Mr. De-



THE 800 (QNT.) BAND.

Editor to the Editorial chair of the Army's first War Cry were met with applause.

THE JEWISH FESTIVAL OF TABERNACLES (Sukoth) was observed recently. In the evening of that day many Jews repaired to a little synagogue arranged around temporarily at the back of their houses to remind them of the 40 years' wandering of their forefathers. The "Sukoth" is a festival of booths, and the happy memory of ancient Judea.

World significance also attaches to the "Sukoth," which is a festival of booths, and the happy memory of ancient Judea.

gown, Scotland, God bless the velvet.

The Songster Brigade is losing the services of Sister Mrs. Allen (formerly Songster Leader) who is going West.

The late General's first order regarding Bands forms an interesting document. This is what appeared in the War Cry for March 27, 1880:

Whereas, during the great Welsh and Cornish Canals, and before that time at Plymouth, Nottingham, and elsewhere, we have proved the great utility of musical instruments in attracting crowds to our open-air and indoor meetings. We do hereby express our desire that as many of our Officers and Soldiers generally, male and female, as have the ability for so doing, should learn to play on some instrument. And as in many instances the obtaining of an instrument is a difficulty, we shall be glad if any friend who may have such in-

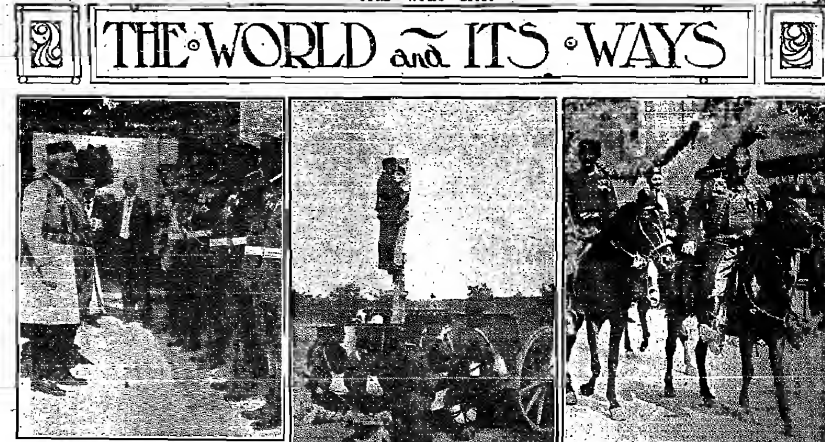
struments lying idle will consecrate them to this service, and send them to Headquarters. This includes violins, bass viol, cornets, cornets, or any brass instruments, drums, or anything else that will make a pleasant sound for the Lord.

On Sunday the newly-formed Band at Paris, Ont., made its first appearance on the street. We numbered nine players, who have been taking tuition for the last five or six weeks from their leader, Dandmaster H. Sparks. The Band caused quite a sensation, the people having not heard a real Salvation Army Band for so long. In the inside meetings the Band did very well. Our Officers, Captain and Mrs. Bowers,

why is it that Band Chat readers have not heard of this before now? Now you Edmontonians, it's up to you to let your comrades know what's new in the Corps and Band.

Oliver L. Bond is accomplishing a good work for God and The Army in the Imperial City—so we hear! Nobody has written to Band Chat to that effect, but the Congress has enabled us to get at many reliable sources of information. But the Congress comes only once a year, and in that space of time a good many things can happen. Why cannot Band Chat readers get the benefit of Oliver's Band news? They would welcome it—so does the Editor.

The Band turns out on Thursday and Saturday nights, as well as at three meetings on Sunday. While the Officers were at the Congress the Dandmaster, led by Dandmaster Horrie, conducted the meetings. By past experience they are well able to do this.



Montenegro at War With Turkey.—Montenegrin General Officer With Army Flagbearer in Cetinje.

Bulgarian Artillery Officer Watching Result of Shelling.

Montenegro Declares War on Turkey.—Nicholas of Montenegro Addressing Officers.

THE WAR IN THE BALKANS.
Reports of severe fighting in the Balkans are arriving every day now, and it seems as if the allied States are having an unmitigated series of victories. It is certain, however, that Turkey has not yet put forth her strength. The great issue is yet to come.

When the allied States declared war it may be assumed that Turkey had by no means concentrated her troops. Moreover, Turkey was still hoping to develop peace from the confederation. Her failure to do this undoubtedly accelerated some change in the strategic plan, and she still needed time to transport her troops to the required positions, hence the following lack of the small Turkish garrisons from numerous frontier posts of no great significance.

It is to be hoped that the powers will not let the war in the Balkans become a mere series of battles, as it would be as nothing besides a war involving the whole of Europe.

ITALY AND TURKEY.
The treaty provides for absolute sovereignty of Italy in Libya, without formal recognition of Italy by Turkey. Turkey is to withdraw her regular troops from Libya, Italy to pay an indemnity equivalent to Libya's contributions to the Ottoman treasury; and the Ottoman Empire to recognize the Italian protectorate in Libya.

There is general rejoicing in Europe over the treaty, as the chances of localizing the war in the Balkans are now much improved. It eliminates complications which were almost certain to arise had Italy carried the war into Europe.

WHEAT FROM PALESTINE.
The Day, Popping Springs, held recently at Lehigh, was attended by a delegate from Palestine, who brought with him a highly valuable box of grain, which he hopes will form the beginning of a new and useful variety of wheat for use in localities of low rainfall.

Dr. A. A. A. is superintendent of the Turkish Government experimental station at Haifa, Palestine. He has become famous through his experiments on the hills and deserts of Palestine, and his results are of great value for local purposes in the

and districts of other countries, an occasional heat of wheat, supposed to have descended through hundreds of years from the time when wheat was first sown, and were produced in the Holy Land.

DESTROYING MUSTARD WEED.
By the successful experiments of the Ontario Government, there is a probability that the deadly mustard weed, which causes so much anxiety among farmers, will be a thing of the past within a few years. Prof. Tash, provincial farm director, has found a way to kill the mustard seed. Last spring he had a 100-acre farm near Brockville, comprising fields of oats and barley, which were literally yellow with the mustard weed, sprayed with a solution of lime and sulphate of copper. This farm has produced very poor crops in the past, but this fall there was an excellent yield, and no traces of mustard were found. The same method of killing the mustard will be tried on the same farm next year, in an effort to find out whether this solution should be used on all farms in the province.

INFANT MORTALITY.
The statistics of infant mortality submitted to the Hygienic Congress at Washington gave a truly appalling aspect, says the New York World.

Though 55,000,000 babies are born into the world annually, 15,000,000 of them die before they are a year old, a number three times as great as the population of New York City, and all of them the victims of tropical diseases, neglect, or parental ignorance and sin. What figures of infestation by plague, pestilence, or famine, by war, earthquake, or flood, have anything like the impressiveness of this slaughter of the innocent!

This is the real root of the evil. Of what use is it to bring more children into the world, and to propagate them, if more to have them snuffed out in early infancy, that the remedy lies in the conditions of the mother, and in the care of the child. The danger is not in a decreasing birth rate so much as in the neglect to save what we have and to apply to the preservation of human life at least the economical methods applied to coal and oil deposits and forests.

REPAIRING THE GANGES.
The task of bridging the Ganges, the great river of northern India, from 100 miles at the foot of

the Hindu Kush, has been assigned to a group of English engineers.

The bridge, which is over a mile in length, is to carry the Great Indian trunk railway over the Ganges from Dhamtala to Bara, the place of pilgrimage, to which hundreds of thousands of devout Hindus repair once a year to wash away their sins in the sacred river.

Spanning the river, the bridge will be carried on steel trestles, which in turn will be supported on massive steel girders in granite piers. The contract consists of fifteen main spans, each 350 feet long and fifty feet high, and weighing 1,500 tons.

The Ganges is essentially a river of great cities. Calcutta, Patna, Benares, Allahabad, all lie on its course, and the ancient capitals of Agra and Delhi are on the Ganges, higher up. Great changes take place from time to time in the river bed of the Ganges, which considerably alter the fate of the cities. The river has been known to throw up, and many decayed and ruined cities that are then discovered at the changes in the river bed in ancient times.

PRINTING WITHOUT INK.
The new process of printing without ink is said to have been accidentally

discovered by an English inventor. In the course of some electrical experiments the inventor noticed a substance which had fallen on the table and was rolling off, against a metallic plate covered with a piece of paper, and in the same time against an insulated electric wire. To his amazement he saw a series of pictures of the letters upon the paper.

This happened about twelve years ago. Since then the inventor has followed up this observation and has now developed a process for printing without printing ink. He uses dry wires impregnated with certain chemicals, whose nature is not disclosed, and in the process of printing the paper travels over a metallic plate and the type is applied on the opposite side, a current of electricity passing through the paper.

According to the particular method used for the sublimation and according to the mode of impregnation of the paper, a great variety of different colors can be produced, so that multi-color printing becomes an easy matter.

A SAHARA SANDSTORM.
Describing a sandstorm in the Sahara Desert, a writer in The Wide World Magazine says that it came down without any preliminary save an oppressive stillness of the air and a falling temperature. Then, all of a sudden, the whole Sahara seemed to rise into the air.

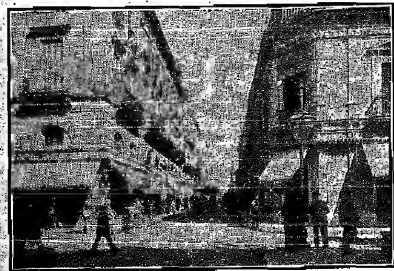
plain Wright of Woodstock, and Ensign
Ayender of Classe Stralford.

(Continued on Page 13)

The South American Continent

ITS PHYSICAL ASPECTS

ITS PRODUCTS AND PEOPLE



Calle Cangallo, Buenos Aires.



THE appointment of Colonel and Mrs. Mapp as Tormentor Commendadores for South America has aroused the interest of Canadian-South Americans in that continent. Some particulars concerning the "torment" have already been given. Therefore, for the interest of South America has been described as the world's great garden, and certainly nature has been bountiful in the bestowal of her gifts in these lovely regions. To be so to speak, a continent in bloom, it is the native soil of countless flowers, fragrant and full of color. Unfamiliar trees, ferns, and other luxuriant vegetation make their shimmering proximity toward the sun. Banks of bright plumage flutter in the air. The sky is kindly. Even the sea seems to catch the inspiration, and assumes unwonted quiet, as the gaily ships sail southward. South America is a continent of the greatest rivers and most towering mountains. From north to south, through the entire length of the continent, runs the mighty Andean range. In the southern south the range is only a series of detached peaks, and throughout its whole portion it consists of but a single chain but towards the north of Chile it begins to divide, and in Bolivia it spreads out and forms an immense elevated plateau of rocks. Throughout Peru there are two chains, in Ecuador there again unite and form the most wonderful series of volcanoes in the world. Throughout their whole length the Andes are of great height, but they are higher in their central portions than elsewhere. At Arequipa, in Chile, it is said to be the loftiest peak, its summit towering 23,200 feet above the sea. There are but few passes across the Andes, and even these are all of immense height, and very dangerous. They are only passable for mules, pack animals, and very few people. The highest river in the world, the Orinoco, to the north, and the Amazon, to the south, are also great navigable rivers.

The whole coast line of South America is but little indented by bays or inlets, and harbors are few, especially on the western coast.

From the coast of Peru and Ecuador, at three-fourths of the continent are

within the torrid zone, the climate is necessarily hot. There are two seasons, the dry season and the rainy, the average length of the latter being from January to May, inclusive, but varying greatly in different regions. In the extreme south of the continent is an arid, sterile region known as Terra del Fuego, or the "Land of Desolation." Its soil is, for the most part, covered with sand and gravel, and the climate is most wretched—rain, rain, and snow in long-continued storms, being its only phases. Just north of this region lies the pampas, immense level, treeless, stainless plains, naturally fertile, and in the rainy season clothed with coarse but nutritious grass and tall arrowweeds; but in the dry season completely losing their vegetation and presenting the appearance of useless deserts. The central region is covered with tropical forests, which are practically rendered impenetrable by the rich vegetation and clinging drapery of climbing plants and creepers. These forests swarm with animal life, monkeys being particularly abundant. Other inhabitants of the forests are the tapir, the armadillo, the jaguar, and the puma being most dreaded. In the Andes is found the chinchilla, a little animal of the size of the rabbit, whose fur is an important article of commerce. The llama, the vicuña, and the alpaca are also found. On the pampas vast herds of wild cattle and horses roam, descendants of stock originally imported from Europe.

In the tropical area the marshes abound in large serpents and the rivers are full of alligators and crocodiles. Numerous insects, including the mosquito, are almost unbearable in the equatorial coast regions. In such seas and rivers fish are wonderfully abundant, but owing to the heat of the climate they are of little value for food. Of birds the condor is the most wonderful. It dwells on the highest peaks of the Andes and is said to visit the coast twice a day, 100 miles distant to feast on dead fish. It can also fly to a height of six miles. In the forests are myriads of humming birds, parrots, toucans and many other birds of brilliant plumage. The natural resources of this vast continent are practically inexhaustible. They comprise every product and mineral of every sort of mankind. The rubber that defies the rain, the coffee that grows with such brilliant results, the best on which the world lives, as well as the other grains and cereals, forests of timber to meet the needs of the builder, precious woods to tempt the skill of the craftsman, and quantities of gold, silver and precious stones.

these and many other of the world's most valuable products abound in untold richness. The southern nations have awakened to the steady realization of this advantage. What was once a continent of lethargy has become a continent of enterprise.

The population.

The people inhabiting this wonderful continent are of many races. In Brazil the ruling classes are of Portuguese descent, but in all the other republics they are of Spanish descent. The ruling classes of pure blood, Creoles, as they are called, form but a small portion of the whole population. The mestizos or mixed races are much more numerous and share with the Creoles all positions of influence. Then there are the Indians, millions of whom are still living in savages and heathenism. The Indians of Peru, under their rulers, the Incas, at the time of the Spanish conquest were well advanced in civilization, and had made considerable progress in the arts. Their descendants, the Quechuas, however, are given to excessive intemperance and have much deteriorated. The Pompa Indians are noble and enterprising, and the Canchis, or Pampas Indians, are almost equally fierce and bold, but live almost entirely on horseback. The Patagonians are the most civilized of the tallest men on the globe; their manners, however, are those of savages, and the Pompa is a small, stout race, among the most barbaric of mankind; they live practically upon raw shellfish and are terribly cruel to any unfortunate white people whom they may cap-

ture.

South America is often spoken of as a land of hard rulers, from the fact that the point of view may be spoken of as a land of hard rulers. Left for months at a time to battle amongst a people, the majority of whom have shown of old belief in and allegiance to human slavery, our comrades have, as may be expected, "a hard row to hoe." But they keep at it, and many glorious victories can be reported.

The Salvation Army is the only social force in South America. To our institutions the various authorities send the human wreckage, which, still, is to be found in every large city.

It is always necessary to submit permission to hold open-air services in South America. Of all all kinds of objections were raised against the Army taking its stand on the plaza, but there is greater liberty now than there has ever been.

During the last year or two three new countries have been opened, and though the difficulties are not as onerous as they used to be, the South American Territory is glorious future.

ONIONS AND POTATOES.

From a health point of view, onions are worth their weight in gold, was the great statement of a lecturer at the Horticultural Hall, London, "Onions," he said, "possessed an immunity from disease that could not be evaded. They were considered a cure for skin diseases, and were used for centuries as a medicine for ailments of the skin."

He had a good deal to say, too, on the subject of potatoes.

Although there were known to be no fewer than three hundred methods of cooking potatoes, the only methods practised in England, however, were boiling and baking and frying.

The male nutritive qualities of potatoes existed immediately under the skin and were often lost by careless peeling.

FIVE GOLDEN RULES.

Being asked his opinion of Frederic Harrison's five golden rules of life, namely, abstaining from tobacco, not eating too much, not taking too much sleep, not drinking too much, and not being too busy, the lecturer said that he had no objection to the first four, but that he had no objection to the fifth.

There is no doubt that as the thousands watched these views depicting the chief events of a great and noble life, they were led to weigh up their own character and purpose and work.

"What am I doing?" the questioner must have asked himself, and "Am I doing all I might?"

It was the question asked of him by every Salvationist. We are confident that eternal issues were the result of this most impressive service.

FAREWELL OF COLONEL AND MRS. MAPP.

(Continued from page 9.)

and have to contend with accents, language, and the many religions.

But in spite of all the Army was making good progress, and many were being won from heath-

The Highest Point in the Pass Across the Andes.

Massey Hall Meetings

THE MEMORIAL SERVICE

IN THE MASSEY HALL.

(Continued from page 9.)

ment of the memorial service, the carrying out of one of our glorified General's long and earnestly cherished plans, the decision of a suitable training College where Cadets could be trained for the social as well as for the military life, the work in the Dominion. The lights were then instantly lowered, and a picture of the proposed new Memorial Training College building appeared on the sheet. This was followed by the fast work of promoted comrades who had passed away since the last Annual Congress in the Dominion and in other parts of the world.

Then began a beautiful and exceedingly striking series of pictures depicting the life and work of our late beloved Leader. It also included portraits of important events, places of work in many lands, including the Army under his direction. It would occupy too much space to attempt to give a detailed description of the pictures, but they were wonderfully descriptive, instructive and impressive. The Commission gave a few words of explanatory comment on each picture as it was shown.

Many of the pictures appeared almost lifelike, and the motion pictures seemed to bring the actual scene before the eyes.

How everyone's heart was melted, eyes were dimmed, emotions moved to the highest depths. The attention was so intense that at times it was almost painful. On several occasions there was weeping. It appeared momentary, but the feelings of the great throng were so stirred that an irresistible wave of sympathy rushed through the gathering in this way. Then again in the dim light here and there could be seen the hands raised in prayer, the eyes were away from the screen, especially when they appeared the best scenes showing the General lying in the death chamber at Halifax, the vacant chair, the picture waiting to hear his master's voice, the lying in state, and the last photograph taken on the morning of the operation on his eye.

The pictures lasted just one hour, but no one moved until its conclusion, and the service closed with the sacred hymn, "The Banner of the Lord," and the Benediction by the Commissioner.

There is no doubt that as the thousands watched these views depicting the chief events of a great and noble life, they were led to weigh up their own character and purpose and work.

"What am I doing?" the questioner must have asked himself, and "Am I doing all I might?"

It was the question asked of him by every Salvationist. We are confident that eternal issues were the result of this most impressive service.

FAREWELL OF COLONEL AND MRS. MAPP.

(Continued from page 9.)

and have to contend with accents, language, and the many religions.

But in spite of all the Army was making good progress, and many were being won from heath-

THE MEMORIAL SERVICE

IN THE MASSEY HALL.

(Continued from page 9.)

ment of the memorial service, the carrying out of one of our glorified General's long and earnestly cherished plans, the decision of a suitable training College where Cadets could be trained for the social as well as for the military life, the work in the Dominion. The lights were then instantly lowered, and a picture of the proposed new Memorial Training College building appeared on the sheet. This was followed by the fast work of promoted comrades who had passed away since the last Annual Congress in the Dominion and in other parts of the world.

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with much feeling sang one verse of "God Be With You Till We Meet Again." At the suggestion of the "Commissioner" the service became a dedicatory one for all present who wished to join in offering themselves afresh to God for service, and with raised hands they sang "Were the Whole Realm of Nature Above." Captain Percy Mapp then said a few words of farewell first expressing her gratitude to God for his goodness to her and then saying that she meant to follow Christ all the way. She spoke on behalf of her two brothers also.

Mrs. Colonel Mapp next spoke. She was evidently labouring under deep emotion, and at first found difficulty in expressing her feelings. But she made a brave effort and gaining greater assurance as she proceeded, gave a very effective and touching address. Having once more come to a parting of the ways, she said, "I shall be a great many months later she farewell her friends. On both occasions she had joined in singing "Were the Whole Realm of Nature Above," and on this night she had sung that splendid old song in the very same spirit. Looking back on twenty-six years of

with a consciousness of all that it means," he declared, "I can say that the Army never had a tighter grip on me than tonight. My conversation was an unconditional surrender to one place, and I am able to say, 'I am all yours.'"

He concluded with a touching appeal to leaders and sinners to come to God, and by one they came, fill at the close of the meeting, there was rejoicing over 75 souls.

WHAT STAFF-CAPT. COOMBS SAYS:

"I have been privileged to attend twenty-six Congresses since I have been an Officer, and I can truthfully say that the Officers' Congresses of 1912 are among the very best. The spirit of expectation, and the liberality the Officers possessed, were beautiful, and I think unsurpassed. The Commissioner's address was most helpful, while those of Colonel Mapp on Friday were a mighty inspiration. I shall never forget them, and scores of Officers have said the same thing to me. The Colonel struck what I think is, or should be, the keynote of a Congress—a revival of God's work. The Councils came, and the high standard mark, and I was greatly blessed by them."

DONATED PRIZE FUND.

The annual of Nelson and steadily pressing toward the Harvest Festival target of \$376, and we hope by the end of the week to have smashed it. The Soldiers are doing splendidly. Mrs. Hadcliffe is the champion collector. She raised \$600.

On Monday we had a sale of work and produce. The Nelson Fruit Fair Committee donated several boxes of fruit. The Band of Love have been working hard for a long time to get a fine showing of work finished for the sale. Mrs. Hadcliffe



Sydney Mines War Cry Brigade.

Salvation Songs.

HOLINESS.
Tune.—Whiter Than Snow, 202.
1 Tell me what to do to be pure,
To the sight of the All-seeing
Eyes;
Tell me, is there no thorough
cure,
No escape from the sins I de-
spise?
Toll me, can I never be free
From this terrible bondage
within?
Is there no deliverance for me,
Must I always have sin dwell
within?

Chorus:
Whiter than snow?
Will my Saviour only pass by—
Only show me how faulty I've
been;
Will He not attend to my cry?
Can I not at this moment be
cleansed?
Blessed Lord, straightly to heal,
I know that Thy power cannot
fail.
Here and now I know—yes, I feel,
The prayer of my heart does
prevail.

Tunes.—Tucker, 125; Christ for
Me, 124.
2 Then Christ of burning,
cleansing flame,
Send the Fire!
Thy blood-bought gift to-day we
claim.
Send the Fire!
Look down and see this waiting
host
Send us the promised Holy Ghost
We want another Pentecost;
Send the Fire!

God of Elijah, hear our cry,
Send the Fire!
He'll make us fit to live or die,
Send the Fire!
To burn up every trace of sin,
To bring the light and glory in,
The revolution now begin;
Send the Fire!

"This fire we want, for fire we
need,
Send the Fire!
The fire will meet our every
need,
Send the Fire!
For strength to ever do the right,
For grace to conquer in the fight,
For power to walk the world in
white,
Send the Fire!

WAR AND TESTIMONY.

IF JESUS GOES WITH ME.
If I may be in the valley,
Where countless dangers
hide;
If I may be in the sunshine,
That I in peace abide;
But this one thing I know,
If it be dark or fair,
If Jesus is with me,
I'll go anywhere!

Chorus:
If Jesus goes with me,
I'll go anywhere;
The heaven in me, where's
I may be,
If He is here,
I count it a privilege here
His cross to bear;
If Jesus goes with me,
I'll go anywhere!
It may be I must carry
The blessed Word of Life
Across the burning deserts
To those in solemn strife;
And though it be my lot
To bear my cross there,

The Fall Congress

SPECIAL VISIT OF

THE
COMMISSIONER

AND INTRODUCTION OF

COL. MAIDMENT

THE NEW CHIEF SECRETARY

In Connection with the Congresses in the
Western Command

Accompanied by Col. & Mrs. Gaskin

MAJOR FINDLAY and the Divisional Commanders.

WINNIPEG

WEDNESDAY, Nov. 5.—Welcome Demonstration in the Citadel
at 8 p.m.THURSDAY, Nov. 7.—Field Officers' Councils. First session at
10 a.m. Local Officers unite at night.

FRIDAY, Nov. 8.—Field Officers' Councils all day.

SATURDAY, Nov. 9.—No. 1 Citadel. Meeting for Soldiers, ex-
Soldiers, and Recruits, at 8 p.m.

SUNDAY, Nov. 10.—

11 a.m., in No. 1 Citadel.—Holiness Convention.

3 p.m., in Empress Theatre.—Lecture by the Commissioner.
His Honor the Lieut.-Governor of Manitoba, will preside,
supported by His Worship Mayor Vaughn.

7:30 p.m., in Empress Theatre.—Great Salvation Meeting.

VANCOUVER

THURSDAY, Nov. 14.—Field Officers' Councils. First Session at
10 a.m. Local Officers united at night.

FRIDAY, Nov. 15.—Field Officers' Councils all day.

SATURDAY, Nov. 16.—In the Citadel, meeting for Soldiers, ex-
Soldiers, and Recruits, at 8 p.m.

SUNDAY, Nov. 17.—

11 a.m., in the Citadel.—Holiness Convention.

3 p.m., in Avenue Theatre.—Lecture by the Commissioner.

7 p.m., in Avenue Theatre.—Great Salvation Meeting.

MONDAY, Nov. 18.—VICTORIA.

THURSDAY, Nov. 21.—CALGARY.

FRIDAY, Nov. 22.—STRATHCONA.

EDMONTON

SATURDAY, Nov. 23.—Citadel, 8 p.m. Soldiers, ex-Soldiers, and
Recruits Meeting.

SUNDAY, Nov. 24.—

11 a.m., in the Citadel.—Holiness Convention.

3 p.m., in the Theatre.—Lecture by the Commissioner.

7 p.m., in the Theatre.—Great Salvation Meeting.

TUESDAY, Nov. 26.—SASKATOON.

WEDNESDAY, Nov. 27.—MOOSE JAW.

Opening of new Citadel.

If Jesus goes with me

I'll go anywhere!

But if it be my portion

To bear my cross at home

While others bear their burden

Beyond the billow's foam

I'll prove my faith in Him

Confess His judgments fair

And if He stays with me

I'll stay anywhere!

If it is not mine to question

The judgments of the Lord

I'll be His faithful

The testings of His Word

But if it be my portion

To bear my cross at home

While others bear their burden

Beyond the billow's foam

I'll prove my faith in Him

Confess His judgments fair

And if He stays with me

I'll stay anywhere!

If it is not mine to question

The judgments of the Lord

I'll be His faithful

The testings of His Word

I'll be His faithful

The testings of His Word

Chorus:
Fighting on.

To the War! to the War!
Whither the Warfare obey;
To the great God who calls you
To fight while 'His day';
Though the battle be fierce,
And though mighty the foe,
The Salvation Army
To victory must go.

SALVATION.

Tunes.—Better World 123;
Tucker, 125.
5 There is a better world, they
say;
Oh, so bright!
Where sin and woe are done
away.
Oh, so bright!
And music fills the balmy air,
And angels with bright wings
are there,
And harps of gold and mansions
fair.
Oh, so bright!

For wicked things and heathen
prayer
Come not there!
And ruthless death and fierce
array
Come not there!
There all are holy, all are good,
Bill hoofs unwashed in Jesus
Blood,
And guilty sinners unrenewed
Come not there!

And though we're sinners, every
one,
Jesus died!
And though our crown of peace
is gone,
Jesus died!
We may be cleansed from every
stain,
We may be crowned with life
again,
And in that land of glory reign,
Jesus died!

Colonel Bullard

The International Representative
Touring Canada in the interest
of The Salvation Army's mission-
ary work, will conduct special
meetings at the following places:
Sault Ste. Marie, Ont., Saturday,
Sunday, and Monday, Nov.
3, and 4.

Sudbury, Tuesday, Nov. 5.
Perry Sound, Wednesday, Nov.
Yorkville, Thursday, Nov. 7.
Lippincott, Friday, Nov. 8.
Temple, Saturday, Sunday,
Monday, Nov. 9, 10, 11.
Guelph, November 12.
Guelph, November 13.
New Brunswick, November 14.
Halifax, November 15.
Cobalt, Nov. 16, 17, and 18.
North Bay, November 19.
Huntsville, November 20.
Brampton, November 21.
Millam, November 22.
Orillia, Nov. 23, 24, and 25.
Collingwood, November 26.
St. Catharines, November 27.
Hamilton, November 28.
Galt, November 29.
Brantford, November 30.

LT. COLONEL & MRS. CHANDLER
Oshawa, Nov. 2 and 3.
MAJOR & MRS. HARRIS
Windsor, Ont., Nov. 4.
Hallowell, wedding.

MAJOR CAMERON
and
CAPTAIN EASTWELL
Hamilton, Nov. 10 and 11.

THE
WAR CRY.AND OFFICIAL GAZETTE OF THE SALVATION ARMY IN CANADA AND NEWFOUNDLAND
Twenty-ninth year. TORONTO, NOVEMBER 9, 1912. Price: Five cents.

COLONEL AND MRS. MAIDMENT